## MATH3404, Assignment 2 (due on 19 September 2014) Submission: At the tutorial or at the Assignment Box on Level 4 of the Priestley Building 67.

**Question 1.** (2 Marks) Find the extremal for the following:

$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{2t\dot{x} + \dot{x}^{2}}{t^{2}} dt \quad with \ x(1) = 1.5, \ x(2) = 14$$

**Question 2.** (2 Marks) Find the extremal for

$$\int_0^T (\dot{x}^2 + 2x\dot{x} + x^2) \, dt$$

with x(0) = 1 and for T > 0, x(T) lies on a given curve x = c(t) = 3.

Question 3. (3 Marks)

Find the extremals of  $\int_0^1 [\frac{1}{2}\dot{x}^2 + 2x] dt$  with x(0) = 0 and x(1) = 5 subject to the constraint  $\int_0^1 6tx dt = \frac{11}{2}$ .

**Question 4.** (3 Marks) Let  $x = x(t) : [t_0, t_1] \to \mathbb{R}$  be a curve in  $C^2$  with boundary conditions  $x(t_0) = x_0$  and  $x(t_1) = x_1$ . Consider a functional

$$J[x] = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} [a(t)\dot{x}^2 + b(t)x^2] dt,$$

where a(t) is a C<sup>2</sup>-function and  $a(t) \ge 1$  and  $b(t) \ge 0$  for all  $t \in [t_0, t_1]$ .

Assume that  $x^* = x^*(t)$  be an extremal for J[x] and  $x^*$  also satisfies the boundary conditions  $x^*(t_0) = x_0$  and  $x^*(t_1) = x_1$ . Prove that  $x^* = x^*(t)$  must be a minimizer of J[x] for all  $C^2$ -curve  $x(t_0) = x_0$  and  $x(t_1) = x_1$ .

Hints:

i) Let  $y = x^* + \eta$  for any  $\eta \in C^2[t_0, t_1]$  with  $\eta(t_0) = \eta(t_1) = 0$ .

ii) compute

$$\Delta J = J[y] - J[x^*].$$

iii) Using integration by parts, you can show that  $\Delta J \ge 0$ .